X and **Y** Coordinates-Answers

Key Stage 3: 2003 Paper 1 Level 3-5

1.

Tie	Fier & Question					Moving C	
3-5	1			Marking overlay available	Moving C		
17	12	5			Correct response	Additional guidance	
a	а	a		1m	Gives correct coordinates eg (6, any value except 6 or 1) (4, 5) (8, 5) (4, -3) (8, -3)	! Use of overlay As there is an infinite number of correct coordinates, a marking overlay is available for use if pupils give non-integer coordinates Accept coordinates of any point that lies exactly on the straight line or on one of the circles, provided their point is neither (6, 6) nor on the same straight line as A and B	
ь	ь	ь		1m	Gives correct coordinates, ie (4, 5) or (8, 5) or (6, 3) or (4, -3) or (8, -3) or (6, -1)	✓ Same correct position used for part (b) as for part (a)	

Key Stage 3: 2003 Paper 1 Level 4-6

2.

Tie	r & C	Quest	tion			Moving C
3-5	4-6	5-7	6-8		Marking overlay available	wioving C
17	12	5			Correct response	Additional guidance
a	а	a		1m	Gives correct coordinates eg (6, any value except 6 or 1) (4, 5) (8, 5) (4, -3) (8, -3)	! Use of overlay As there is an infinite number of correct coordinates, a marking overlay is available for use if pupils give non-integer coordinates Accept coordinates of any point that lies exactly on the straight line or on one of the circles, provided their point is neither (6, 6) nor on the same straight line as A and B
ь	ь	ь		1m	Gives correct coordinates, ie (4, 5) or (8, 5) or (6, 3) or (4, -3) or (8, -3) or (6, -1)	✓ Same correct position used for part (b) as for part (a)

Key Stage 3: 2004 Paper 2 Level 3-5

_	_	Ques	_			Patterns on a grid
=	_	-	6-8	_	•	
HEN	4 a	H		1m	Gives the correct coordinates, ie (2, 1)	Additional guidance
ь	b			1m	Gives both pairs of coordinates in either order eg (3, 3) (4, 4)	
c	c			1m	Gives both pairs of coordinates in either order eg (16, 16) (17, 17)	
d	d			2m	Makes a correct decision and gives a correct explanation that shows or implies 14 and justifies that 16 more are needed eg • Yes, 1 ² + 2 ² + 3 ² + 4 ² = 30 • There are enough because 1 + 4 + 9 = 14, 4 × 4 = 16 and 14 + 16 = 30 • The next square is 16 tiles (4 by 4 square drawn) and you've used up 14 of them, so there's just enough • You have 16 tiles left and 4 × 4 = 16; all the tiles are used	! 16 not justified Accept only if the response makes it clear that exactly 30 tiles are used eg, for 2m accept • Used 14, got another 16 so you will use up all the 30 tiles • 30 – 14 = 16, so yes you have exactly the correct amount eg, for 2m or 1m, do not accept • 14 used, 16 left so yes you can • 30 – 14 = 16, so yes you have enough
				or 1m	States or implies that the next square uses 16 tiles eg You need 16 to make the next square Draws a 4 by 4 square with 16 cells 4 × 4 seen or States or implies that exactly 30 tiles will be used, but does not justify that 16 more are needed eg	! 4 by 4 square drawn correctly, but the number of squares incorrectly processed For 1m, condone * Their explanation could imply that 7 more squares are needed, ie a total of 21 eg
				(U1)	■ You need all 30 ■ There would be no tiles left over ■ It all adds up to 30 or Identifies the pattern of differences eg ■ +3, +5, +7	so yes, there are enough

	777	Ques	2577			Patterns on a grid	
_	-	-	6-8			ratterns on a gric	
11	4	L	Ц	\Box	Correct response	Additional guidance	
а	a			1m	Gives the correct coordinates, ie (2, 1)		
ь	ь			1m	Gives both pairs of coordinates in either order eg (3, 3) (4, 4)		
c	c			1m	Gives both pairs of coordinates in either order eg (16, 16) (17, 17)		
d	d			2m	Makes a correct decision and gives a correct explanation that shows or implies 14 and justifies that 16 more are needed eg Yes, 1 ² + 2 ² + 3 ² + 4 ² = 30 There are enough because 1 + 4 + 9 = 14, 4 × 4 = 16 and 14 + 16 = 30 The next square is 16 tiles (4 by 4 square drawn) and you've used up 14 of them, so there's just enough You have 16 tiles left and 4 × 4 = 16; all the tiles are used	! 16 not justified Accept only if the response makes it clear that exactly 30 tiles are used eg, for 2m accept • Used 14, got another 16 so you will use up all the 30 tiles • 30 – 14 = 16, so yes you have exactly the correct amount eg, for 2m or 1m, do not accept • 14 used, 16 left so yes you can • 30 – 14 = 16, so yes you have enough	
				or 1m	States or implies that the next square uses 16 tiles eg You need 16 to make the next square Draws a 4 by 4 square with 16 cells 4 × 4 seen or States or implies that exactly 30 tiles will be used, but does not justify that 16 more are needed eg You need all 30 There would be no tiles left over It all adds up to 30 or	! 4 by 4 square drawn correctly, but the number of squares incorrectly processed For 1m, condone * Their explanation could imply that 7 more squares are needed, ie a total of 21 cg so yes, there are enough	

Key Stage 3: 2005 Paper 1 Level 3-5

Tier 8	& Q	uest	ion			Midnaint
-54	4-6	5-7	6-8			Midpoint
3 1	16	9	1		Correct response	Additional guidance
I	a	a	а	1m	(60, 60)	
Ī	ь	Ь	ь	1m	Gives M as (0, 100)	
				1m U1	Gives N as (60, 0)	! Answers for M and N transposed but otherwise completely correct If this is the only error, ie gives M as (60, 0) and gives N as (0, 100), mark as 0, 1 ! x- and y-coordinates transposed but otherwise correct for both M and N If this is the only error, ie gives M as (100, 0) and gives N as (0, 60), mark as 0, 1

Key Stage 3: 2005 Paper 1 Level 4-6

6.

Tier	8 0	Ques	tion			Midpoint
3-5	4-6	5-7	6-8			iviiapoini
23	16	9	1		Correct response	Additional guidance
I	a	a	a	1m	(60, 60)	
	b	ь	ь	1m	Gives M as (0, 100)	
				1m	Gives N as (60, 0)	! Answers for M and N transposed but otherwise completely correct If this is the only error, ie gives M as (60, 0) and gives N as (0, 100), mark as 0, 1
				(U1)		! x- and y-coordinates transposed but otherwise correct for both M and N If this is the only error, ie gives M as (100, 0) and gives N as (0, 60), mark as 0, 1

Key Stage 3: 2007 Paper 2 Level 3-5

Tier & Question		65			Coordinates	
8				Correct response	Additional guidance	
a	a	1	m	Gives A as (0, 6)		
		1	m	Gives C as (4, 3)	! Answers for A and C transposed but otherwise completely correct If this is the only error, ie gives A as (4, 3) and gives C as (0, 6), mark as 0, 1	
ь	ь	1	m	Indicates point D on the graph at (2, 7)	! Point inaccurate, not labelled or marked only with the letter D Condone any unambiguous indication within 2mm of the correct intersection of the grid	

Key Stage 3: 2007 Paper 2 Level 4-6

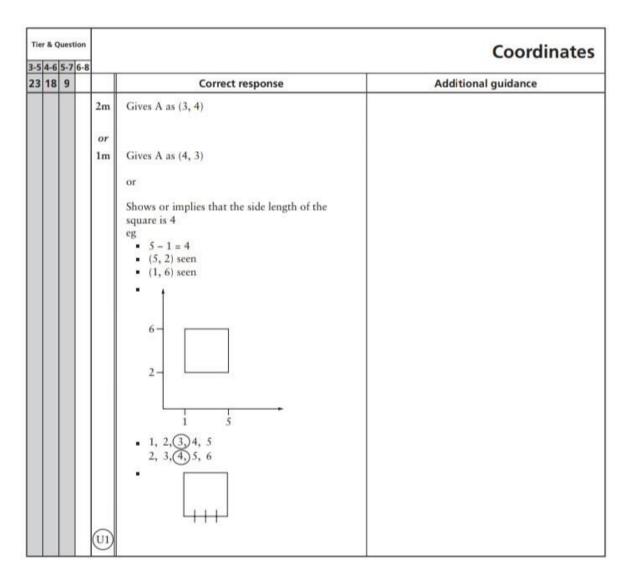
8.

Tier & Question				Coordinates		
_	-5 4-6 5-7 6-8					
8	1	\perp		Correct response	Additional guidance	
a	a		1m	Gives A as (0, 6)		
			1m	Gives C as (4, 3)	! Answers for A and C transposed but otherwise completely correct If this is the only error, ie gives A as (4, 3) and gives C as (0, 6), mark as 0, 1	
Ь	ь		1m	Indicates point D on the graph at (2, 7)	Point inaccurate, not labelled or marked only with the letter D Condone any unambiguous indication within 2mm of the correct intersection of the grid	

Key Stage 3: 2008 Paper 1 Level 3-5

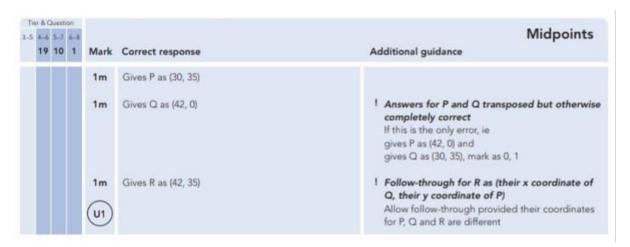
Tier & Quest	ion		Coordinates
-5 4-6 5-7	6-8	1911	Coordinates
23 18 9		Correct response	Additional guidance
	2m	Gives A as (3, 4)	
	or		
	1m	Gives A as (4, 3)	
		or	
		Shows or implies that the side length of the	
		square is 4	
		■ 5 − 1 = 4	
		• (5, 2) seen	
		• (1, 6) seen	
		• †	
		6-	
		2-	
		1 5	
		1 , 2,3,4, 5	
		2, 3, 4, 5, 6	
		. —	
		3.177	
			
	(U1)		

Key Stage 3: 2008 Paper 1 Level 4-6

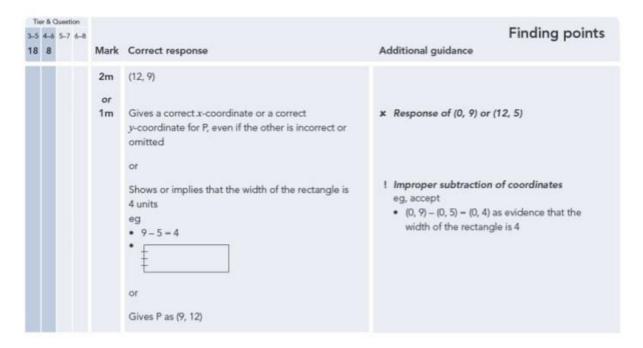


Key Stage 3: 2009 Paper 2 Level 4-6

11.



Key Stage 3: 2010 Paper 1 Level 3-5



Key Stage 3: 2010 Paper 1 Level 4-6

